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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/767,792	01/23/2001		Craig A. Lewis	07703-327001 / WCR0117 2248		
26211	7590	08/27/2004		EXAMINER		
FISH & RI			YOUNG, JOHN L			
45 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, SUITE 2800 NEW YORK, NY 10111)	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	- ,			3622		
				DATE MAIL ED. 09/27/2004	DATE MAIL ED. 00/27/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No	Applicant(s)				
	Application No.	LEWIS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	09/767,792					
Cinos riodon Cammary	Examiner	Art Unit				
TI MANUNO DATE SAkia annonimientimo	John L Young	3622 July				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the co	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONED	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Ju	ly 2004.					
<u> </u>	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		secution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
· <u>_</u>						
4) Claim(s) 1-72 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-72</u> is/are rejected.						
7)☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
•						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.					
Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No				
Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ty documents have been receive	d in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received						
JOHN LEONARD YOUNG, ESQ.						
PRIMARY EXAMIN		2- 1004				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ∐ Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dat					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)		atent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/23/2004</u> .	6)					

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NON-FINAL REJECTION

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DRAWINGS

1. This application has been filed with drawings that are considered informal; said drawings are acceptable for examination purposes. The review process for drawings that are included with applications on filing has been modified in view of the new requirement to publish applications at eighteen months after the filing date of applications, or any priority date claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§119, 120, 121, or 365.

CLAIM REJECTIONS — 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

2. Claims 1-48 & 71-72 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over Inamitsu et al. US 6,367,696 (04/09/2002) [US f/d: 02/04/2000] (herein referred to as "Inamitsu").

As per independent claim 1, <u>Inamitsu</u> (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 4; FIG. 5; FIG. 6; FIG. 7; FIG. 8; FIG. 9; FIG; 10; FIG. 11; FIG. 12; FIG. 13; FIG. 14; FIG. 15; FIG. 16; col. 1, ll. 30-67; col. 2, ll. 1-67; col. 3, ll. 1-20; col. 4, ll. 9-67; col. 5, ll. 1-67; col. 6, ll. 1-67; col. 7, ll. 1-67; col. 8, ll. 1-67; col. 9, ll. 1-67; col. 10, ll. 1-67; and col. 11, ll. 1-67) implicitly shows all of the elements of claim 1; however,

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<u>Inamitsu</u> lacks an explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claim 1 (e.g., <u>Inamitsu</u> lacks explicit recitation of "validating cash or a card....").

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of <u>Inamitsu</u> cited above implicitly shows of "validating cash or a card..."; and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of <u>Inamitsu</u> cited above as showing of "validating cash or a card...", because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of <u>Inamitsu</u> would have provided means to "offer products or service free of charge...." (see <u>Inamitsu</u> (col. 3, ll. 5-20)) based on the motivation to modify <u>Inamitsu</u> so that "a discount rate is set and stored for each kind of product or service and the discount is by the discount rate... and when the personal information meets prescribed conditions, added benefit is offered...." (see <u>Inamitsu</u> (col. 3, ll. 5-20)).

As per claims 2-24 & 71-72, <u>Inamitsu</u> shows the method of claim 1 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 1.

Inamitsu (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 4; FIG. 5; FIG. 6; FIG. 7; FIG. 8; FIG. 9; FIG; 10; FIG. 11; FIG. 12; FIG. 13; FIG. 14; FIG. 15; FIG. 16; col. 1, ll. 30-67; col. 2, ll. 1-67; col. 3, ll. 1-20; col. 4, ll. 9-67; col. 5, ll. 1-67; col. 6, ll. 1-67; col. 7, ll. 1-67; col. 8, ll. 1-67; col. 9, ll. 1-67; col. 10, ll. 1-67; and col. 11, ll. 1-67) implicitly shows all of the elements of claims & 71-72; however,

<u>Inamitsu</u> lacks an explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims & 71-72.

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"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims & 71-72 were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention, because it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Inamitsu cited above implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims & 71-72; and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Inamitsu cited above as showing shows all of the elements and of claims & 71-72, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Inamitsu would have provided means to "offer products or service free of charge. . . . " (see Inamitsu would have and stored for each kind of product or service and the discount is by the discount rate is set and stored for each kind of product or service and the discount is by the discount rate . . . and when the personal information meets prescribed conditions, added benefit is offered. . . . " (see Inamitsu (see Inamitsu col. 3, ll. 5-20)).

Independent claim 25 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per claims 26-48, <u>Inamitsu</u> shows the method of claim 25 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 25.

<u>Inamitsu</u> (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 4; FIG. 5; FIG. 6; FIG. 7; FIG. 8; FIG. 9; FIG; 10; FIG. 11; FIG. 12; FIG. 13; FIG. 14; FIG. 15; FIG. 16; col. 1, ll. 30-67; col. 2, ll. 1-67; col. 3, ll. 1-20; col. 4, ll. 9-67; col. 5, ll. 1-67; col. 6, ll. 1-67; col. 7,

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ll. 1-67; col. 8, ll. 1-67; col. 9, ll. 1-67; col. 10, ll. 1-67; and col. 11, ll. 1-67) implicitly shows all of the elements of claims 26-48; however,

<u>Inamitsu</u> lacks an explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims 26-48.

"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims 26-48 were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention, because it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Inamitsu cited above implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims 26-48; and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Inamitsu cited above as showing shows all of the elements and of claims 26-48, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Inamitsu would have provided means to "offer products or service free of charge...." (see Inamitsu (col. 3, ll. 5-20)) based on the motivation to modify Inamitsu so that "a discount rate is set and stored for each kind of product or service and the discount is by the discount rate ... and when the personal information meets prescribed conditions, added benefit is offered...." (see Inamitsu (col. 3, ll. 5-20)).

3. Claims 49-70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over

Tedesco et al. US 6,161,059 (12/12/2000) (herein referred to as "Tedesco") in vie of Inamitsu.

As per claim 49, <u>Inamitsu</u> implicitly shows most of the elements and limitations of the device of claim 49; however,

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<u>Inamitsu</u> lacks explicit recitation of "a coin mechanism connected to the validating means. . . ."

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<u>Tedesco</u> (col. 4, ll. 60-67; and col. 5, ll. 1-10) shows "a coin mechanism" connected to the validating means. . . ."

Tedesco proposes "coin mechanism" modifications that would have applied to the device and method of <u>Inamitsu</u>. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the disclosure of <u>Tedesco</u> with the teachings of <u>Inamitsu</u> because such combination would have provided means for "permitting customers to participate in a marketing promotion while making a purchase at a vending machine, and to receive a reward for such participation." (See <u>Tedesco</u> (col. 2, 1l. 20-27)).

As per claims 50-62, <u>Inamitsu</u> in view of <u>Tedesco</u> shows the device of claim 49 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 49.

<u>Inamitsu</u> in view of <u>Tedesco</u> as cited above in both references implicitly shows all of the elements of claims 50-62; however,

<u>Inamitsu</u> in view of Tedesco lacks an explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims 50-62.

"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims 50-62 were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention, because it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure

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of <u>Inamitsu</u> cited above implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims 50-62; and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of <u>Inamitsu</u> cited above as showing shows all of the elements and of claims 50-62, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of <u>Inamitsu</u> would have provided means to "offer products or service free of charge. . . ." (see <u>Inamitsu</u> (col. 3, Il. 5-20)) based on the motivation to modify <u>Inamitsu</u> so that "a discount rate is set and stored for each kind of product or service and the discount is by the discount rate . . . and when the personal information meets prescribed conditions, added benefit is offered. . . ." (see <u>Inamitsu</u> (col. 3, Il. 5-20)) and because the combination of the <u>Inamitsu</u> and <u>Tedesco</u> references would have provided means for "permitting customers to participate in a marketing promotion while making a purchase at a vending machine, and to receive a reward for such participation." (See <u>Tedesco</u> (col. 2, Il. 20-27)).

Independent claim 63 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 49.

As per claims 64-70, <u>Inamitsu</u> in view of <u>Tedesco</u> shows the device of claim 63 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 63.

<u>Inamitsu</u> in view of <u>Tedesco</u> as cited above in both references implicitly shows all of the elements of claims 64-70; however,

<u>Inamitsu</u> in view of Tedesco lacks an explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims 64-70.

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"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims 64-70 were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention, because it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of <u>Inamitsu</u> cited above implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims 64-70; and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Inamitsu cited above as showing shows all of the elements and of claims 64-70, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Inamitsu would have provided means to "offer products or service free of charge. . . . " (see <u>Inamitsu</u> (col. 3, 11. 5-20)) based on the motivation to modify <u>Inamitsu</u> so that "a discount rate is set and stored for each kind of product or service and the discount is by the discount rate . . . and when the personal information meets prescribed conditions, added benefit is offered. . . . " (see <u>Inamitsu</u> (col. 3, ll. 5-20)) and because the combination of the Inamitsu and Tedesco references would have provided means for "permitting customers to participate in a marketing promotion while making a purchase at a vending machine, and to receive a reward for such participation." (See Tedesco (col. 2, ll. 20-27)). Furthermore, the instant invention would have been rendered obvious over Inamitsu and/or Inamitsu in view of <u>Tedesco</u>, because the claims of the instant invention suffer from undue breadth.

RESPONSE TO ARGUMENTS

4. Applicant's arguments (paper filed 7/12/2004) have been considered but are not persuasive for the following reasons:

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Applicant's arguments are moot based on new grounds of rejection presented in

this Office action.

CONCLUSION

Any response to this action should be mailed to: 5.

Commissioner for Patents

P. O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Any response to this action may be sent via facsimile to either:

(703) 746-7239 or (703) 872-9314 (for formal communications EXPEDITED PROCEDURE) or

(703) 746-7239 (for formal communications marked AFTER-FINAL) or

(703) 746-7240 (for informal communications marked PROPOSED or DRAFT).

Hand delivered responses may be brought to:

Seventh floor Receptionist Crystal Park V 2451 Crystal Drive Arlington, Virginia.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John L. Young who may be reached via telephone at (703) 305-3801. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Eric Stamber, may be reached at (703) 305-8469.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

> JOHN LEONARD YOUNG, ESQ. PRIMARY EXAMINER

John L. Young

Primary Patent Examiner

August 23, 2004